

Clinical Policy: Intensity-Modulated Radiotherapy

Reference Number: CP.MP.69
Date of Last Revision: 12/22

Coding Implications
Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Medical necessity criteria for intensity-modulated radiotherapy (IMRT). IMRT is an advanced form of 3-dimensional (3-D) conformal radiation therapy that delivers a more precise radiation dose to the tumor while sparing healthy surrounding tissue. While IMRT empirically offers advances over other radiation therapies, accepted practices and the risks and benefits of IMRT over conventional or 3-D conformal radiation must be considered.

Policy/Criteria

- **I.** It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that IMRT is **medically necessary** for any of the following indications:
 - A. Age \leq 18 years;
 - B. Target volume is in close proximity to critical structures that must be protected;
 - C. The volume of interest must be covered with narrow margins to adequately protect immediately adjacent structures;
 - D. An immediately adjacent area has been previously irradiated and abutting portals must be established with high precision;
 - E. The target volume is concave or convex, and critical normal tissues are within or around that convexity or concavity;
 - F. Dose escalation is planned to deliver radiation doses in excess of those commonly utilized for similar tumors with conventional treatment;
 - G. Indications by cancer site include any of the following:
 - 1. Primary or benign tumor(s) of the central nervous system, including brain, brain stem, and spinal cord;
 - 2. Primary tumor(s) of the spine where spinal cord tolerance may be exceeded by conventional treatment;
 - 3. Primary or benign lesion(s) of the head and neck area including orbits, sinuses, skull base, aerodigestive tract (lips, mouth, tongue, tonsils, nose, throat, vocal cords and part of the trachea and esophagus), salivary glands, and thyroid;
 - 4. Anal or perianal cancer, excluding locally recurrent perianal cancer;
 - 5. Prostate cancer, definitive (curative) treatment;
 - 6. Vulvar cancer, definitive (curative) treatment;
 - 7. Cervical cancer, curative treatment, any of the following:
 - a. Post-hysterectomy;
 - b. For treatment that includes para-aortic nodes;
 - c. For high doses of radiation in the presence of gross disease in regional lymph nodes;
 - 8. Select breast cancer cases, any of the following:
 - a. Homogeneity of dose cannot be achieved with conventional three-dimensional planning techniques, demonstrated by any of the following:
 - i. A maximum dose of greater than 110% is given to a volume of at least 0.3 cc;

CLINICAL POLICY IMRT



- ii. The volume of breast tissue receiving 105% of the prescribed dose exceeds 10% (or 20% for a large volume breast defined as greater than 800 cc);
- iii. Hot spots in the inframammary fold are 105% or greater;
- b. The volume of lung tissue receiving 20 Gy exceeds 20%;
- c. The volume of heart tissue receiving 25 Gy exceeds 2%.

Background

A major goal of radiation therapy is the delivery of an appropriate dose of radiation to the targeted tissue while minimizing radiation exposure to the surrounding healthy tissue. The introduction of IMRT allowed for significant improvement of dose distributions by irradiating sub-regions of the target to different levels. It uses a computer-based planning method called inverse planning that allows the delivery of generally narrow, patient specific spatially and often temporally modulated beams of radiation to solid tumors within a patient.³¹

IMRT changes the intensity of radiation in different parts of a single radiation beam while treatment is delivered. The dose of radiation given by each beam can also vary, enabling IMRT to simultaneously treat multiple areas within the target to different dose levels. Theoretical concerns about IMRT include dose inhomogeneity, additional time required for planning computation and quality assurance (QA) verification, and exposure of larger volumes of normal tissues to a lower dose of radiation.¹⁰

There were numerous studies done, including a multicenter, randomized, double-blind trial that indicated IMRT improved the homogeneity of the radiation dose distribution and decreased acute toxicity, when used for breast cancer. ^{23,24,25,26,27}

NCCN

NCCN recommends IMRT in a number of cancer types, including cancers whose radiation treatment may affect organs or other critical structures at risk.

Coding Implications

This clinical policy references Current Procedural Terminology (CPT®). CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association. All CPT codes and descriptions are copyrighted 2020, American Medical Association. All rights reserved. CPT codes and CPT descriptions are from the current manuals and those included herein are not intended to be all-inclusive and are included for informational purposes only. Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

CPT® Codes	Description
77301	Intensity modulated radiotherapy plan, including dose-volume histograms for target and critical structure partial tolerance specifications
77338	Multi-leaf collimator (MLC) device(s) for intensity modulated radiation therapy (IMRT), design and construction per IMRT plan



CLINICAL POLICY IMRT

CPT ®	Description
Codes	
77385	Intensity modulated radiation treatment delivery (IMRT), includes guidance and
	tracking, when performed; simple
77386	Intensity modulated radiation treatment delivery (IMRT) includes guidance and
	tracking, when performed; complex

HCPCS Codes	Description
G6015	Intensity modulated treatment delivery, single or multiple fields/arcs, via narrow spatially and temporally modulated beams, binary, dynamic MLC, per treatment session
G6016	Compensator-based beam modulation treatment delivery of inverse planned treatment using 3 or more high resolution (milled or cast) compensator, convergent beam modulated fields, per treatment session

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Revision Date	Approv al Date
Policy Developed and reviewed by Radiation Oncologist	02/14	03/14
References reviewed and updated	02/15	03/15
Template updated	02/16	03/16
References reviewed and updated		
Policy updated. References reviewed. In the policy statement, added	02/17	03/17
under 'Select breast cancer cases: When homogeneity of dose is		
essential and the patient has at least one of the following conditions'.		
The two conditions were previously listed. Coding tables updated		
References reviewed and updated.	02/18	02/18
Removed indications for "cases of thoracic and abdominal malignancies	05/18	
when target volume is in proximity to critical structures" and "other		
pelvic and retroperitoneal tumors that meet the requirements for medical		
necessity" as their meaning is contained in other existing criteria.		
Added 77385 to CPT code list	06/18	
Added thyroid and tonsils as subtypes to head and neck cancer list;	02/19	02/19
added cervical, vulvar, perianal cancer indications per NCCN. Updated		
background. Removed option for CNS, spinal, and head and neck		
tumors to be metastatic. Replaced descriptive breast cancer indication		
criteria with specific radiation parameters. Removed deleted CPT code		
0073T and added HCPCS G6016. Specialist reviewed.		
Coding updates: Removed deleted CPT 77418; updated ICD-10-CM	04/19	
codes per 02/19 criteria updates.		
References reviewed and updated. ICD codes updated C00.0-C14.8 now	01/20	01/20
C14.9 and description correction for C30.		
References reviewed and updated. Replaced "members" with	12/20	12/20
"members/enrollees' in all instances.		

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CLINICAL POLICY IMRT

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Revision Date	Approv al Date
Annual review. References reviewed and updated. Reviewed by	12/21	12/21
specialist. Changed "Last Review Date" in the header to "Date of Last		
Revision" and "Date" in revision log to "Revision Date".		
Annual review completed. Background updated. ICD-10 code table	12/22	
removed. References reviewed and updated.		

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CLINICAL POLICY IMRT

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Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.



CLINICAL POLICY IMRT

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members/enrollees. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members/enrollees. Members/enrollees should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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Note: For Medicaid members/enrollees, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

Note: For Medicare members/enrollees, to ensure consistency with the Medicare National Coverage Determinations (NCD) and Local Coverage Determinations (LCD), all applicable NCDs and LCDs, and Medicare Coverage Articles should be reviewed <u>prior to</u> applying the criteria set forth in this clinical policy. Refer to the CMS website at http://www.cms.gov for additional information.

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