PHYSIATRY - DEFINED



REHABILITATION OF NEUROMUSCULOSKELETAL DISORDERS

PHYSICAL MEDICINE AND REHABILITATION 'PHYSIATRY' EVALUATE AND TREAT NON SURGICALLY

- spine
- brain
- nerve
- muscle
- soft tissue
- joint
- Amputations
- Burns

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EVALUATION

- Detailed history to define mechanism of injury
- Examination
- MSKUS
- MRI
- X-ray
- EMG
- Clinical date from PT, OT, ST
- Clinical data from specialists

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ACCURATE DIAGNOSIS

- Effective treatment depends on defining the pain generator
- Analysis of the mechanism of injury

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TREATMENT

- Multidisciplinary PT, OT, ST, AC, MT, TherEx, Yoga,
 Pilates, Modification of home and work activities
- Interventional treatments- EDSI, RFL, SIJ
- Pharmacological NSAID's, Acetaminophen, neuroleptics
- Return to activity

SPINE CLINIC VS PAIN CLINIC

- Spine clinic evaluated and treated in a multidisciplinary team approach
- Pain clinic can be Physiatry or Anesthesiology directed clinic to manage pain medications and direct and perform interventional procedures as well as direct long term management of chronic pain

SPINE CLINIC

- Initial intake review by RN or coordinator
- Reviewed by Physician (Spine Surgeon)
- Directed to either Surgery, Physiatry or Pain Man
- Majority non surgical
- 80% physiatry
- Psychology

PAIN CLINIC

- Evaluate and manage pain medications
- Perform interventional procedures
- Referral to therapy and post injection treatment
- Spinal cord stimulators

GOALS

- Treat the correct diagnosis
- Find a treatment program that does not include narcotics
- Successful treatment Reduced desire for narcotics
- Return of function ability vs disability mentality
- Regain self esteem

THE ROAD TO SUCCESS IS RARELY EASY

