

Clinical Policy: Teriparatide (Forteo)

Reference Number: CP.PHAR.188

Effective Date: 11.15.17

Last Review Date: 02.23

Line of Business: Commercial, HIM, Medicaid

[Coding Implications](#)[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Teriparatide (Forteo[®]) is a recombinant human parathyroid hormone (PTH) analog.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Forteo is indicated:

- Postmenopausal osteoporosis (PMO): For the treatment of postmenopausal women with osteoporosis at high risk for fracture.* In postmenopausal women with osteoporosis, Forteo reduces the risk of vertebral and nonvertebral fractures.
- Male osteoporosis: To increase bone mass in men with primary or hypogonadal osteoporosis at high risk for fracture.*
- Glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis (GIO): For the treatment of men and women with osteoporosis associated with sustained systemic glucocorticoid therapy (daily dosage equivalent to 5 mg or greater of prednisone) at high risk for fracture.*

**High risk of fracture is defined as a history of osteoporotic fracture, multiple risk factors for fracture, or patients who have failed or are intolerant to other available osteoporosis therapy.*

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that Forteo is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria**A. Osteoporosis** (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of PMO, GIO, or male osteoporosis and one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Member is at very high risk for fracture as evidenced by one of the following (i, ii, or iii):
 - i. Recent osteoporotic fracture (within the past 12 months);
 - ii. Bone mineral density (BMD) T-score at hip or spine ≤ -3.0 ;
 - iii. BMD T-score at hip or spine ≤ -2.5 AND major osteoporotic fracture (i.e., hip, spine, forearm, wrist, humerus);
 - b. Member has completed a 3-year trial of bisphosphonate therapy (*see Appendix B; alendronate is preferred*) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless one of the following (i-v):
 - i. All bisphosphonates are contraindicated;

- ii. Clinically significant adverse effects are experienced to both IV and PO formulations (*see Appendix E*)
 - iii. Member has experienced a loss of BMD while receiving bisphosphonate therapy;
 - iv. Member has experienced a lack of BMD increase after ≥ 12 months of bisphosphonate therapy;
 - v. Member experienced an osteoporotic fracture or fragility fracture while receiving bisphosphonate therapy;
- *Prior authorization may be required for bisphosphonates*
- 2. Age ≥ 18 years or documentation of closed epiphyses on x-ray;
 - 3. One of the following (a or b):
 - a. For PMO, failure of Prolia[®] or Tymlos[®] at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or both are contraindicated;
 - b. If request is for continuation of cumulative PTH analog therapy beyond 2 years, provider attestation that member remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture (e.g., history of osteoporotic fracture or multiple risk factors for fracture, *see Appendix D*) and that the risk versus benefit of continued therapy has been reviewed with the member;
- *Prior authorization may be required for Prolia and Tymlos*
- 4. Dose does not exceed both of the following (a and b):
 - a. 20 mcg per day;
 - b. 1 pen every 28 days.

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. Osteoporosis (must meet all):

1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
 - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (*refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B*);
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. If request is for continuation of cumulative PTH analog therapy beyond 2 years, provider attestation that member remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture (e.g., history of osteoporotic fracture or multiple risk factors for fracture, *see Appendix D*) and that the risk versus benefit of continued therapy has been reviewed with the member;
4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed both of the following (a and b):
 - a. 20 mcg per day;
 - b. 1 pen every 28 days.

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 12 months

Commercial – 6 months or to the member's renewal date, whichever is longer

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- ### A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies –
- CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

BMD: bone mineral density

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

GIO: glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis

PMO: postmenopausal osteoporosis

PTH: parathyroid hormone

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
<i>PTH analog therapy</i>		
Tymlos (abaloparatide)	Treatment: PMO 80 mcg SC QD	80 mcg/day - 2 year total lifetime
<i>Receptor activator of nuclear factor kappa-B (RANK) ligand inhibitor</i>		
Prolia (denosumab)	Treatment: PMO, GIO, male osteoporosis 60 mg SC once every 6 months	60 mg/dose
<i>IV bisphosphonates</i>		
ibandronate (Boniva [®])	Treatment: PMO <i>See prescribing information for dose.</i>	Varies
zoledronic acid (Reclast [®])	Treatment/prevention: PMO, GIO Treatment: male osteoporosis Treatment: Paget disease <i>See prescribing information for dose.</i>	
<i>Oral bisphosphonates</i>		
alendronate (Fosamax [®])	Treatment/prevention: PMO Treatment: GIO, male osteoporosis Treatment: Paget disease <i>See prescribing information for dose.</i>	Varies
Fosamax [®] Plus D (alendronate / cholecalciferol)	Treatment: PMO, male osteoporosis <i>See prescribing information for dose.</i>	
risedronate (Actonel [®] , Atelvia [®])	Actonel: Treatment/prevention: PMO, GIO Treatment: male osteoporosis Treatment: Paget disease Atelvia: Treatment: PMO <i>See prescribing information for dose.</i>	
ibandronate (Boniva)	Treatment/prevention: PMO <i>See prescribing information for dose.</i>	

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): hypersensitivity
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

Appendix D: General Information

- The [FRAX tool](#) is readily available and incorporates multiple clinical risk factors that predict fracture risk, largely independent of BMD. Clinical risk factors in FRAX include age, sex, body mass index (BMI), smoking, alcohol use, prior fracture, parental history of hip fracture, use of glucocorticoids, rheumatoid arthritis, secondary osteoporosis, and femoral neck BMD, when available. FRAX predicts the 10-year probability of hip fracture and major osteoporotic fracture (hip, clinical spine, humerus, or forearm). FRAX designation of high risk of fracture is defined as 10-year major osteoporotic fracture probability $\geq 20\%$ or hip fracture probability $\geq 3\%$.
- The 2019 Endocrine Society clinical practice guidelines include patient profiles representing examples of high and very high fracture risk:
 - High risk: T-score of minus 2.5 or below, or prior hip or vertebral fracture, or high fracture probability by the fracture risk assessment tool (FRAX) (10-year probability of major osteoporotic fracture $\geq 20\%$, or 10-year probability of hip fracture $\geq 3\%$)
 - Very high risk: T-score of minus 2.5 or below and 1 or more fractures, or multiple vertebral fractures, or severe vertebral fracture.

Appendix E: IV/PO Bisphosphonates: Examples of Contraindications and Adverse Effects

Bisphosphonates	Oral Formulations	IV Formulations
<i>Contraindications</i>		
Hypocalcemia	X	X
Increased risk of aspiration	X	-
Hypersensitivity to product component	X	X
Inability to stand/sit upright for at least 30 minutes	X	-
Creatinine clearance < 35 mL/min or evidence of acute renal impairment	-	X
Esophagus abnormalities which delay emptying such as stricture or achalasia	X	-
<i>Clinically significant warnings or adverse side effects</i>		
Pregnancy	X	X
Eye inflammation	X	X
Acute renal failure	X	X
Osteonecrosis of the jaw	X	X
Atypical femoral shaft fracture	X	X
Drug interactions (product-specific)	X	X

Bisphosphonates	Oral Formulations	IV Formulations
Severe or incapacitating musculoskeletal pain	X	X

V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
PMO, GIO, male osteoporosis	20 mcg SC QD	20 mcg/day up to 2 years cumulative PTH analog use lifetime

VI. Product Availability

Multi-dose prefilled pen (2.4 mL): 28 daily doses of 20 mcg

VII. References

1. Forteo Prescribing Information. Indianapolis, IN: Eli Lilly and Company; April 2021. Available at <http://www.forteo.com>. Accessed November 1, 2022.
 2. Clinical Pharmacology [database online]. Tampa, FL: Elsevier; 2022. URL: www.clinicalkeys.com/pharmacology.
- Osteoporosis Diagnosis, Fracture Risk, and Treatment*
3. Shoback D, Rosen CJ, Black DM, et al. Pharmacological management of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women: an endocrine society guideline update. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab*; March 2020, 105(3): 587-594.
 4. Eastell R, Rosen CJ, Black DM, et al. Pharmacological management of osteoporosis in postmenopausal women: An Endocrine Society Clinical Practice Guideline. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab*; 2019, 104: 1595–1622.
 5. Camacho PM, Petak SM, Brinkley N et al. American Association of Clinical Endocrinologists/American College of Endocrinology clinical practice guidelines for the diagnosis and treatment of postmenopausal osteoporosis—2020 update. *Endocr Pract*. 2020;26(1):1-46.
 6. National Osteoporosis Foundation Clinician’s Guide to Prevention and Treatment of Osteoporosis. Osteoporosis International 2014. Available at: <https://cdn.nof.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/01/995.pdf>. Accessed November 1, 2022.
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 9. Gilsenan A, Midkiff K, Harris D, et al. Teriparatide Did Not Increase Adult Osteosarcoma Incidence in a 15-Year US Postmarketing Surveillance Study. *J Bone Miner Res*. 2021 Feb;36(2):244-251.
- Male Osteoporosis*
10. Watts NB, Adler RA, Bilezikian JP, et al. Osteoporosis in men: an Endocrine Society clinical practice guidelines. *J Clin Endocrinol Metab* 2012;97(6):1802-1822.

Glucocorticoid-Induced Osteoporosis

11. Buckley L, Guyatt G, Fink HA, et al. 2017 American College of Rheumatology guideline for the prevention and treatment of glucocorticoid-induced osteoporosis. *Arthritis Rheumatol.* 2017; 69(8): 1521-1537.

Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPSC Codes	Description
J3110	Injection, teriparatide, 10 mcg

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q 2019 annual review: no significant changes; added geriatrician prescriber option; removed previous requirement that physiatrist prescriber apply only to postmenopausal osteoporosis; modify approval duration for Commercial to “6 months or to the member’s renewal date, whichever is longer”; references reviewed and updated.	10.31.18	02.19
1Q 2020 annual review: removed HIM disclaimer for HIM NF drugs; very high fracture risk or 3-year bisphosphonate trial added with required contraindication to both PO/IV formulations; specialists removed; age 18 or closed epiphyses added per PI; references reviewed and updated.	11.19.19	02.20
1Q 2021 annual review: removal of osteosarcoma black box warning per package insert update; references to HIM.PHAR.21 revised to HIM.PA.154; references reviewed and updated.	12.03.20	02.21
Per June SDC and prior clinical guidance, added Prolia in addition to Tymlos as redirect options for PMO; retire CP.CPA.199 as strategy aligns for Commercial Exchange and non-Exchange plans.	06.02.21	08.21
1Q 2022 annual review: updated definition of very high risk for fracture per 2020 AACE/ACE PMO guidelines; references reviewed and updated.	09.16.21	02.22
Per updated prescribing information regarding length of therapy, removed criteria and approval duration requirements that limited therapy to 2 years cumulative PTH analog therapy, added requirement if request is for continuation of cumulative PTH analog therapy beyond 2 years, provider attestation that member remains at or has returned to having a high risk for fracture (e.g., history of osteoporotic fracture or multiple risk factors for fracture) and that the risk versus benefit of continued therapy has been reviewed with	02.07.22	05.22

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
the member, added general information regarding fracture risk assessments; added option (in addition to contraindications or adverse effects) to bypass bisphosphonate trial if member has experienced a loss of BMD, lack of BMD increase, or has had an osteoporotic fracture or fragility fracture while receiving bisphosphonate therapy; WCG.CP.PHAR.188 retired.		
Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications and continued therapy section.	10.03.22	
1Q 2023 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	11.01.22	02.23

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. “Health Plan” means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan’s affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise

professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

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Note:

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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